SAFETY DATA SHEET

B67W2001

Section 1. Identification

| Product name | : ARMORSEAL® 1000 HS Epoxy (Part A) Extra White |
|--|--|
| Product code | : B67W2001 |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Relevant identified uses of t | he substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Not applicable. | |
| | |
| Manufacturer | : THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 PROSPECT AVENUE, NW CLEVELAND, OHIO 44115 |
| Emergency telephone number of the company | : (216) 566-2917 |
| Product Information Telephone Number | : (800) 524-5979 |
| Regulatory Information Telephone Number | : (216) 566-2902 |
| Transportation Emergency Telephone Number | : (800) 424-9300 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status | This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|---|---|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 54.3% |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 4/22/2016 Date of previous issue : 3/28/2016 Version : 2.01 1/16 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements | Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Precautionary statements | |
| Prevention | : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. |
| Response | : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. |
| Storage | : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Contains Formaldehyde - a potential cancer hazard. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Do not transfer contents to other |
| | containers for storage. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : None known. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |

CAS number/other identifiers

| Date | of | issue, | /Date | of | revision |
|------|----|--------|-------|----|----------|
| | | | | | |

.e : 3/28/2016

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name | % by weight | CAS number |
|-----------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Titanium Dioxide | ≥25 - ≤50 | 13463-67-7 |
| Polyamide | ≥10 - ≤25 | 68410-23-1 |
| Xylene | ≤11 | 1330-20-7 |
| Phenylmethanol | ≤7.1 | 100-51-6 |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | ≤3 | 64742-95-6 |
| Butyl Benzyl Phthalate | ≤2.8 | 85-68-7 |
| Poly(oxypropylene)diamine | ≤2.8 | 9046-10-0 |
| n-Aminoethyl Piperazine | ≤3 | 140-31-8 |
| Ethylbenzene | ≤2.4 | 100-41-4 |
| Triethylene Tetramine | <1 | 112-24-3 |
| Dipentene | ≤0.3 | 138-86-3 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary first aid measures | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Eye contact | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. | | |
| Inhalation | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. | | |
| Skin contact | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. | | |
| Ingestion | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. | | |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 4/22/2016Date of previous issue: 3/28/2016Version: 2.013/16

Section 4. First aid measures

| Inhalation | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Skin contact | : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| <u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u> | <u>otoms</u> |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| ndication of immediate me | dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with wate before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |

Date of issue/Date of revision

Date of previous issue : 3/28/2016

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. |
|---|--|
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|---|
| For emergency responders | : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and materials for co | ntainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact |

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | |
|--|--|
| Protective measures | : Contains a formaldehyde-based resin which, under certain conditions of use, may release formaldehyde. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | | Exposure limits | 5 | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|------|
| Titanium Dioxide | | | - | ited States, 3/2015). | |
| | | | TWA: 10 mg/m | | |
| | | | | ted States, 2/2013). | |
| | | | TWA: 15 mg/m | ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dus | st |
| Polyamide | | | None. | | |
| Xylene | | | ACGIH TLV (Un | ited States, 3/2015). | |
| | | | TWA: 100 ppm | | |
| | | | TWA: 434 mg/r | | |
| | | | STEL: 150 ppm | 15 minutes. | |
| | | | STEL: 651 mg/i | | |
| | | | | ted States, 2/2013). | |
| | | | TWA: 100 ppm | | |
| | | | TWA: 435 mg/r | n³ 8 hours. | |
| Phenylmethanol | | | AIHA WEEL (Un | nited States, 10/2011). | |
| | | | TWA: 10 ppm 8 | 3 hours. | |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | | | None. | | |
| Butyl Benzyl Phthalate | | | None. | | |
| Poly(oxypropylene)diamine | | | None. | | |
| n-Aminoethyl Piperazine | | | None. | | |
| Ethylbenzene | | | | ited States, 3/2015). | |
| | | | TWA: 20 ppm 8 | 3 hours. | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 4/22/2016 | Date of previous issue | : 3/28/2016 | Version : 2.01 | 6/16 |

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| | ure controls/personal protection | d Ototoo (10/00/0) | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | NIOSH REL (United TWA: 100 ppm 10 TWA: 435 mg/m³ STEL: 125 ppm 1 STEL: 545 mg/m³ OSHA PEL (United TWA: 100 ppm 8 TWA: 435 mg/m³ | 10 hours. 5 minutes. ⁵ 15 minutes. d States, 2/2013). hours. | | |
| Triethylene Tetramine | AIHA WEEL (Unite Absorbed through TWA: 1 ppm 8 ho | | | |
| Dipentene | | ed States, 10/2011). | | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airbo recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limit ventilation equipment. | rne contaminants below an also need to keep gas, s. Use explosion-proof | | |
| nvironmental exposure ontrols | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment shou they comply with the requirements of environmental protection cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications t will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. | on legislation. In some | | |
| ndividual protection meas | <u>ures</u> | | | |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling cleating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash showers are close to the workstation location. | working period. y contaminated clothing. workplace. Wash | | |
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: che or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirat | liquid splashes, mists, n should be worn, unless emical splash goggles and, | | |
| Skin protection | | | | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk a necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glo during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective p noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material m glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated | ssessment indicates this is ve manufacturer, check properties. It should be ay be different for different several substances, the | | |
| Body protection | protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task bei performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves | | | |

should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. **Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 4/22/2016 | Date of previous issue | : 3/28/2016 | Version | : 2.01 | 7/16 |
|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|---------|--------|------|
|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|---------|--------|------|

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | |
|--|--|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Color | : Not available. |
| Odor | : Not available. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | : Not available. |
| Melting point | : Not available. |
| Boiling point | : 136°C (276.8°F) |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: 41°C (105.8°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] |
| Evaporation rate | : 0.8 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Lower: 0.7% Upper: 13.1% |
| Vapor pressure | : 0.13 kPa (0.946 mm Hg) [at 20°C] |
| Vapor density | : 3.66 [Air = 1] |
| Relative density | : 1.5 |
| Solubility | : Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| Viscosity | : Kinematic (room temperature): <0.205 cm ² /s (<20.5 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm ² /s (<20.5 cSt) |
| Molecular weight | : Not applicable. |
| Aerosol product | |
| Heat of combustion | : 10.74 kJ/g |
| | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 4/22/2016 | Date of previous issue | : 3/28/2016 | Version : 2.01 | 8/16 |
|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|----------------|------|
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------|--------------|----------|
| Xylene | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 5000 ppm | 4 hours |
| - | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| Phenylmethanol | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2000 mg/kg | - |
| - | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1230 mg/kg | - |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8400 mg/kg | - |
| Butyl Benzyl Phthalate | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >10000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | 6700 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2330 mg/kg | - |
| Poly(oxypropylene)diamine | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 360 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 242 mg/kg | - |
| Ethylbenzene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |
| Triethylene Tetramine | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 805 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2500 mg/kg | - |
| Dipentene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5300 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------|-------|----------------------------|-------------|
| Titanium Dioxide | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 300 | - |
| | | | | Micrograms | |
| | | | | Intermittent | |
| Xylene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 milligrams | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 | - |
| | Oline Martenata invitant | D-b-b-it | | microliters | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | | milligrams 100 Percent | |
| Phenylmethanol | Skin - Mild irritant | Man | - | 48 hours 16 | - |
| Fileflyintethanoi | Skin - Milu Intant | IVIAII | - | milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Pig | _ | 100 Percent | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 | _ |
| | | Rabbit | | milligrams | |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | _ | 24 hours 100 | - |
| | | | | microliters | |
| Poly(oxypropylene)diamine | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 | - |
| | 5 | | | milligrams | |
| n-Aminoethyl Piperazine | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| Ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 15 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| Triethylene Tetramine | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
| | | 5 | | milligrams | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 49 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 | - |
| | Skin Sovero irritant | Dabbit | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 490 milligrama | - |
| Dipentene | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | | milligrams 24 hours 500 | _ |
| Dipentene | | Rabbit | - | milligrams | - |
| | | | | minigrams | |

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4/22/2016 Date of previo

Date of previous issue : 3

: 3/28/2016

Section 11. Toxicological information

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|--|-------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Titanium Dioxide Xylene Butyl Benzyl Phthalate Ethylbenzene | - - - | 2B 3 3 2B | - - - - |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-----------------------------|------------|-------------------|---|
| Xylene | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Phenylmethanol | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Ethylbenzene | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| Dipentene | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|--|--|--|
| Xylene Phenylmethanol Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Ethylbenzene Dipentene | Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 | Not determined Not determined Not determined | Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Dipentene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Date of issue/Date of revision | Date (| of issu | ie/Date | of | revisio | n |
|--------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|----|---------|---|
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s issue : 3/28/2016

| Information on the likely routes of exposure | : Not available. | | | | |
|--|--|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Potential acute health effe | <u>cts</u> | | | | |
| Eye contact | : Causes seriou | is eye damage. | | | |
| Inhalation | | ntral nervous system (CN y cause respiratory irritat | | cause drowsiness or | |
| Skin contact | : Causes sever | e burns. May cause an a | Illergic skin reaction. | | |
| Ingestion | : Can cause cer enters airways | ntral nervous system (CN | IS) depression. May | be fatal if swallowed a | nd |
| Symptoms related to the p | hysical, chemica | l and toxicological cha | racteristics | | |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symp pain watering redness | toms may include the fol | lowing: | | |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symp respiratory tra- coughing nausea or von headache drowsiness/fat dizziness/verti unconsciousna reduced fetal v increase in fet skeletal malfor | niting tigue go ess weight al deaths | lowing: | | |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symp pain or irritatio redness blistering may reduced fetal v increase in fet skeletal malfor | occur weight al deaths | lowing: | | |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symp stomach pains nausea or von reduced fetal v increase in fet skeletal malfor | niting weight al deaths | lowing: | | |
| Delayed and immediate eff | fects and also ch | ronic effects from shor | t and long term exp | <u>osure</u> | |
| Short term exposure | | | | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. | | | | |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. | | | | |
| <u>Long term exposure</u> | | | | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. | | | | |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. | | | | |
| Potential chronic health ef Not available. | fects | | | | |
| General | | mage to organs through evere allergic reaction m | | | ry low |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 4/22/2016 | Date of previous issue | : 3/28/2016 | Version : 2.01 | 11/ |

11/16

| Carcinogenicity | : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
|-----------------------|--|
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : May damage the unborn child. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : Suspected of damaging fertility. |
| | |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|--------------------|--------------|
| Oral | 2600.2 mg/kg |
| Dermal | 5134.1 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (gases) | 21593.8 ppm |

Section 12. Ecological information

| <u>Toxicity</u> | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|----------|
| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
| Titanium Dioxide | Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus | 96 hours |
| Xylene | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| Phenylmethanol | Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| Butyl Benzyl Phthalate | Acute EC50 0.22 ppm Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 100 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 1000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 32.3 ppm Marine water | Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 510 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Cymatogaster aggregata - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.26 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days |
| n-Aminoethyl Piperazine | Acute LC50 2190000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| Ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| Triethylene Tetramine | Acute EC50 3700 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 33900 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| Dipentene | Acute EC50 28.2 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 20.2 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
| | Acute IC50 13.798 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability

| Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/22/2016 | Date of previous issue | : 3/28/2016 | Version : 2.01 | 12/16 |
|--|------------------------|-------------|----------------|-------|
|--|------------------------|-------------|----------------|-------|

Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Xylene | - | - | Readily | | | |
| Phenylmethanol | - | - | Readily | | | |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | - | - | Readily | | | |
| Ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily | | | |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-----------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| Titanium Dioxide | - | 352 | low |
| Xylene | - | 8.1 to 25.9 | low |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | - | 10 to 2500 | high |
| Butyl Benzyl Phthalate | - | 1693.25 | high |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal methods | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact |
|------------------|--|
| | vith soil, waterways, drains and sewers. |

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | ΙΑΤΑ | IMDG |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------|--------|
| JN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | 111 | 111 | 111 | |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |

Section 14. Transport information

| Additional | This product may be re-classified as | Product classified | <u>Special</u> | <u>Special</u> provisions | Emergency schedules (EmS |
|---|--|--|---|--|---|
| information | be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity. | as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 18-2.19 (Class 3). Special provisions Not Applicable | provisions Not Applicable | provisions Not Applicable | <u>schedules (EmS</u> F-E, S-E <u>Special</u> <u>provisions</u> Not Applicable |
| | <u>Special</u> provisions Not Applicable | | | | |
| | ERG No. | ERG No. | ERG No. | | |
| | 128 | 128 | 128 | | |
| pecial precauti | consid mode suitab prior t respon unload | modal shipping descr ler container sizes. T of transport (sea, air ly for that mode of tra o shipment, and com nsibility of the person ding dangerous good ances and on all actio | he presence of a s , etc.), does not in ansport. All packag pliance with the ap offering the produ s must be trained | shipping description dicate that the produ- ging must be review oplicable regulations lot for transport. Peo on all of the risks de | for a particular lict is packaged ed for suitability is the sole ople loading and |
| ransport in bulk o Annex II of MA he IBC Code | according : Not ava | | | <u>.</u> | |
| | Proper | shipping name | : Not available | 2. | |
| | Ship ty | pe | : Not available |) . | |
| | | | | | |

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

Pollution category

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

: 3/28/2016

: Not available.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

| Health | * | 3 |
|------------------|---|---|
| Flammability | | 2 |
| Physical hazards | | 0 |
| | | |

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Justification

On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

History

| - | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Date of printing | : 4/22/2016 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 4/22/2016 |
| Date of previous issue | : 3/28/2016 |
| Version | : 2.01 |
| Key to abbreviations | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations |

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject

Section 16. Other information

to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

ue : 3/28/2016